

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE FEDERATION OF NIGERIA

AUGUST 2018

(A draft proposal by the Southern Nigeria Communities Organization)

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CHAPTER ONE

PREAMBLE

DECLARATION

We, the People hereby agree to establish the Federation of Nigeria as a country of ten federating regions, whereby the regions are equal in all ramifications, are autonomous, and are self-sustaining. We the People, through the ten Federating Regions, have resolved to establish a Central Government, which shall be established as an agency of the regions, for the sole purpose of harmonizing the policies of the regions, and managing a national system, on behalf of the federating regions.

That the Federation of Nigeria, shall guarantee the Right to Life, Freedom and the Pursuit of Happiness as paramount Laws, that cannot be breached by the Federating Regions, the Government of the Federation or the agencies. The Fundamental Human Rights of all citizens cannot be breached.

AIM OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERATION

The aim of the government of the Federation of Nigeria, shall be the Welfare of the People. The Government of the Federation of Nigeria shall be at the pleasure of the Citizens, for the Welfare of the Citizens, and for the Security of the Citizens.

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

Nigeria, we hail thee

Our dear Fatherland

Though tribe and tongue may differ

In brotherhood we stand

Nigerians all, are proud to serve

Our sovereign Fatherland

Our flag shall be a symbol

That Truth and Justice reign

In peace or battle honoured

And this we count as gain

To hand to our children
A banner without stain
O God of creation
Grant this our one request
Help us build a country
Where no man is oppressed
And so with peace and plenty
Nigeria may be blessed.

THE NATIONAL PLEDGE

I pledge to Nigeria, my country
To be faithful, loyal and honest
To serve Nigeria with all my strength
To protect her unity
And defend her honor and glory
So help me God.

SECTION 1

THE FEDERATION OF NIGERIA

1. The country shall be officially known as the Federation of Nigeria
2. The political capital of the Federation shall be situated within the Abuja City Area of definite boundaries
3. The Federation of Nigeria shall be a secular country where there is no recognition of any religion in any form whatsoever
4. Religion shall be personal and no form, government, agencies, or any official entity of the Federation, shall demand the religious leaning of any individual nor is the individual at liberty to tell
5. Under the sun and the skies, on earth and in any part of the universe, all citizens of the Federation of Nigeria equal in all ramifications regardless of tongue, creed or adherence, and all men shall be so treated under the Laws of the Federation of Nigeria
6. The Federation of Nigeria shall be made up of 10 regions along ethnic nationality lines and/or along sociocultural affiliations
7. The regions shall be as follows:
 - i. Oodua Region (for all Yoruba speaking People)
 - ii. Bendel Region (for the Benin Kingdom, Urhobo Kingdom, Esan Kingdom, Isoko Kingdom, Itsekiri Kingdom) and their affiliates
 - iii. Ala-Igbo Region (for all Igbo-speaking people)
 - iv. Atlantic Coast Region (for the Izon Kingdom, Kalabari Kingdom, Ogoni Kingdom & Bonny Kingdom)
 - v. Calabar Region (comprising of Anang, Efik, Ibibio, Ogoja, Ugep and their affiliates)
 - vi. Benue Valley Region (Idoma, Tiv, Junkun and all areas from the Benue Valley along the Eastern shore of the River Niger to the Yola)
 - vii. Kainji Region comprising of the Nupe, Ebira, Igala, Gbagi, and all areas from Minna to Kotangora and to Lokoja)
 - viii. Plateau Region (from the Eastern Plateau to Southern Kaduna, Nasarawa and their affiliates)
 - ix. Arewa Region comprising of the original Hausa Bokwoi states from Katsina to Kano, Zaria, Sokoto to Yaure)

- x. The Kanem Region (comprising of the old Kanem-Bornu Empire from Maiduguri to Hadejia, Gombe & Bauchi).

SECTION 2

THE PARLIAMENTARY FEDERATION

1. Each Federating Region shall elect 21 members to the Parliament
2. Each elected Parliamentarian shall be a member of a party or an affiliate of one
3. The party with the largest number of parliamentarians, shall be invited to form the government of the federation
4. The leader of the party with the largest number of parliamentarians shall be the Prime Minister, or as agreed by a coalition
5. The Prime Minister shall choose the Federal Ministers from among the Parliamentarians
6. The Parliamentary decisions shall be on a simple majority
7. The Prime Minister would have as much powers as the Parliament directs
8. All decisions executed by the Prime Minister and/or other ministers, must be thoroughly argued in Parliament and agreed.

SECTION 3

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERATION

1. The Prime Minister shall be the Head of the Government of the Federation
2. A Prime Minister is elected among his parliamentary peers for a period of 4 years
3. A Prime Minister or his/her government may be removed from office by passing a vote of no confidence
4. A vote of no confidence must be passed by a simple majority in parliament
5. A quorum must always be formed not less than two-thirds of the parliament for the decision to be legal & binding
6. Matters to be debated upon must be gazetted and circulated at least five (5) working days before the debate is called up

7. All debated issues must be circulated and the agreement of at least six (6) of ten (10) regions must be obtained even without contravening the provision of other aspects of the constitution
8. In the absence of the Prime Minister, the Deputy Prime Minister shall by a simple act of the parliament, immediately be made Prime Minister for three (3) months within which elections must be held for all Federal Parliamentarians for a new government to be formed
9. The general elections shall be carried out on a day agreed by all regions, and the government of the federation
10. The Government of the Federation shall not set up any business organization in any form, in any way, for any reason
11. The Government of the Federation shall be restricted to perform only regulatory roles to oversee the economy
12. The Government of the Federation shall set up regulatory organizations and shall not be a direct participant in any business concern whatsoever
13. The Government of the Federation shall carry out projects within the constitutionally assigned roles alone
14. Such projects by the Government of the Federation shall be carried out on contractual basis or by direct labor
15. All projects and contractual terms shall be subject to the approval of parliament prior to award and execution
16. The Government of the Federation shall carry out 5-year Plans that shall be the basis of Capital Budgeting on a yearly basis
17. The 5-Year Development Plan shall be approved by parliament prior to the preparation and submission of the Annual Budget
18. The Government of the Federation shall have an Annual Work Program which shall be a breakdown of the 5-Year Development Plan
19. The Annual Work Program shall be the basis of Capital Budgeting and shall be approved by parliament
20. No item outside the Work Program shall be included in any section or aspect of the annual budget
21. The Work Program of any particular year must be fully executed before appropriating for the subsequent year

22. Work Program & Budget Execution shall be certified by the Auditor General to be legally deemed as completed
23. The Government of the Federation is at liberty to fund programs within the purview of the Regional Government with the legal consent of the Regional Government
24. Any funding by the Government of the Federation, of program or programs of the Regional Government, shall give the Federal Government oversight of such programs
25. Regional Programs funded by the Government of the Federation, shall effectively be guided by the Laws of the Government of the Federation
26. The Parliament shall approve the funding of Regional Programs if so desired, with the legal consent of the Regional Government.

SECTION 4

ELECTORAL SYSTEM

1. The regions and the Government of the Federation shall agree on the Electoral Guidelines
2. The Government of the Federation shall maintain an Electoral Guideline Office and formulate a set of Laws concurrent with the agreed guidelines
3. The Electoral Guidelines must be passed by Parliament, and agreed to by at least six (6) Federating Regions
4. The Government of the Federation shall NOT conduct any elections at any level
5. The job of the Government of the Federation shall be limited to the Formulation of Electoral Guidelines, the extant laws and the adherence to those laws
6. Each Regional Government shall maintain an Electoral Office
7. The Regional Electoral Office shall be made up two representatives each, elected by each province/prefecture in a region, and a representative each of the political parties
8. The electoral representatives shall meet at least 4 times per year with a sitting allowance for each meeting not exceeding 5 times the national minimum wage
9. No other wages and allowances or benefits in terms of accommodation, feeding, chauffeuring or any other shall apply during these quarterly meetings as enshrined in the national guidelines
10. The Regional Electoral Office shall liaise with the Municipal Councils to conduct elections

11. The Electoral Commissioners for each province shall be the Elected Representatives of the Provinces/Prefectures, the representatives of the political parties, and the Traditional Council
12. Each Municipality shall conduct elections as it deems fit while strictly adhering to the National Guidelines
13. Political Parties, Traditional Council, Municipal Government and the Electoral Commissioners shall be directly responsible for the conduct of elections within a municipality
14. The Election Results shall be announced on the very spot and an electronic display is filled in the presence of all and sent to the regional Electoral Office for collation
15. Each Region electronically fills a form and collates at the National Electoral Office for announcement
16. All elections shall be local and results immediately announced
17. It shall be a criminal act, punishable by Life Imprisonment for any Military or any section of the Security outfit to be used in any election
18. A military or any of the armed services may visit a polling station for the sole purpose of voting alone, and must be unarmed
19. All Federal, Regional or Municipal Elections shall be carried out as shown above.

SECTION 5

THE NATIONAL CONSTITUTION

1. The national constitution must be adopted based on regional plebiscite
2. The plebiscite shall be conducted in conformance with the electoral guidelines
3. An acceptance of the National Constitution by at least six (6) federating regions shall make it a law
4. Any region disputing the constitution, must present the aspects of the constitution for further negotiations within 30 ordinary working days
5. On negotiating and amendment by a simple national parliamentary majority, the aspects shall be sent to the region and a plebiscite carried out. If a YES return, then the Constitution becomes a Law

6. Constitutional amendment shall be on a yearly basis
7. If a NO return, the Federating Region must carry out a plebiscite to become a Confederating Member of the Federation, using only the name, currency and leverage of the Federation of Nigeria, but not eligible for the formation of government at the Central Level for a period of five (5) years
8. If within five (5) years, the constitution is acceptable, a plebiscite shall be carried out to accept the constitution and reabsorbed into the Federation of Nigeria with full benefits and instantaneous integration and total rights
9. If after five (5) years of not accepting the constitution, and being a confederate member of the Federation, a plebiscite must be carried out for full sovereignty and the submitted to the Federation of Nigeria through Parliament
10. A YES vote for sovereignty after five (5) years shall confer full sovereignty on the region, and the Government of the Federation must recognize them, and commence the process of sharing assets and liabilities immediately
11. A NO vote for sovereignty shall ensure that the Region goes through the process of voting on the constitution again until such a time that it would accept it (on negotiations) or go through the 5-year confederal system once more
12. All aspects of the national constitution shall be obeyed by all
13. Elected officials that breach the national constitution must be immediately impeached
14. A criminal breach shall have a Grand Jury set at the behest of the Attorney General
15. If the Grand Jury finds he/she culpable, criminal proceedings shall be immediately initiated.

SECTION 6

THE REGIONAL GOVERNMENT & JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION

1. The Regional Government must have a Regional Constitution which is accepted by plebiscite or signatures of two hundred and ten people (at 10 people per federal constituency of 21 per region) uniformly distributed over the region
2. The Head of the Regional Government must be the Premier
3. Every Regional Government must have Prefectures/Provinces along ethnic nationality lines, religious lines of sociocultural lines

4. Every province/prefecture shall elect five (5) Regional Parliamentarians to the Regional Parliament
5. The party with the highest number of regional parliamentarians shall form the government (in conformance with Section 3 & 4 of Chapter 1)
6. The form of government shall be in conformance with the Chapter 1, Sections 3, 4 & 5 unless otherwise agreed
7. Each Regional Government shall be self-financing and shall be responsible for the development, welfare and protection of the citizens within its boundaries
8. Each Regional Government shall maintain a Regional Judiciary in conformance with the National Guidelines
9. Each Regional Government shall maintain a Regional Prison System in conformance with the National Constitution
10. The Regional Government must consist of 20% Traditional Council
11. The Regional Government must be parliamentary in conformance with the Sections 3 & 4
12. The Premier is elected by the party with the highest number of Deputies and the Traditional Council
13. The Regional Government; shall be responsible for planning infrastructural Development & Strategy for the Region
14. The Regional Government could auction licenses to companies for the sole purpose of fast tracking their development (in conformity with national guidelines)
15. The regional government, in conjunction with the Provincial & Municipal Governments, must seek every way to aid development and solely responsible for the welfare of the people
16. The Regional Government shall maintain an active police system in conformance with the National Guidelines for police formations
17. The Regional Government shall maintain a Judicial System of Independent Circuit & Appeal Courts in conformance with the National Guidelines
18. The Regional Government shall maintain a Regional Prisons Systems for Criminal Corrections
19. The Department of Corrections shall be responsible for the administration of the prisons in conformance with the national guidelines

20. There must be a regional judicial council with the powers to appoint judges to the regional high courts
21. The regional judicial council shall be in charge of justice administration
22. The Regional Judicial Council must get its funding directly from the Regional Budget
23. The accounts of the Regional Judicial council is subject to annual and periodic audit
24. The Regional Judicial Council must elect the Chief Justice of the Region from among themselves
25. The Regional Judges shall NOT be under the administration of the Premier nor the parliament
26. The Highest Court per Region shall be the Regional Appeal Court
27. All disputed cases from the Municipal Courts shall be adjudicated by the Regional Appeal Courts
28. All cases disputed at the Regional Appeal Courts shall be adjudicated by the Supreme Court
29. The Supreme Court shall be administered by the National Judicial Council
30. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the appointment of the Chief Justice of the Federation
31. The National Judicial Council shall source its funding directly from the Budget of the Federation
32. The National Judicial Council shall be independent
33. The Chief Justice of the Federation shall be answerable to the National Judicial Council only
34. The Regional Judicial Council must maintain a membership list that shall be the input for the National Judicial Council.

SECTION 7

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT & JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION

1. The judge with the longest length of service or as selected among his peers within the Municipality shall become the Chief Judge
2. The tenure of Judges must be 5 years
3. The Criminal Judicial Administration shall be according to the Trial by Jury model (at the Municipal Courts)

4. The Municipal Judiciary must have a minimum of 5 judges based on the number of districts and the judicial needs of the locality
5. The judges must be elected by direct suffrage subject to clearance by the Regional Judicial Council
6. The Judges and courts get funded directly from the Municipal Accounts
7. The Municipality must pay 5% of all funding into the Judicial Funds
8. The Judicial Funds shall be administered by the elected Judiciary, and a report submitted monthly to the Municipal Parliament
9. The Judicial Funds must be used to build Courts, administer courts and pay the emoluments of the Judges and court clerks in conformance with the national guidelines
10. The Judges shall be responsible to only the People and involved in the daily administration of the Municipality
11. The Mayor, or Parliament, have power on the Judges in any way whatsoever
12. The administration, engagement and discipline of Judges must be by the independent National Judicial Council
13. The Municipal Government must maintain the office of the District Attorney
14. The District Attorney must be directly elected
15. The District Attorney must maintain Assistant DAs in the Municipality
16. The office of the DA, and emoluments, are directly from the Municipality
17. The District Attorney shall be responsible for the prosecution of all crimes within the Municipality
18. The Municipality shall have an elected Chief of Police
19. The Chief of Police must maintain the Municipal Police and keep the Law & Order
20. 20% of Municipal Funds shall be directly paid into the police funds
21. Police equipment, emoluments, building and all funding shall come from the Police Funds
22. A monthly report on the administration of the Police Funds must be submitted to the Mayor who presents it to the Municipal Assembly of Deputies
23. The Municipal Government shall be solely responsible for the design, construction, funding, maintenance and operation of roads within its locality
24. The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the construction of stadia and other public buildings in conformance with the national guidelines

25. The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the design, construction, administration, and funding of residential buildings, city development, beautification and administration
26. The municipal government shall maintain a database of all residents of the municipality
27. The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the provision of public power, water and other utilities
28. The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the administration of public health facilities and administration in conformance with the national guidelines
29. The Municipal Government shall be responsible for lives and security in the Municipality
30. The Municipal Government shall have an inter-municipal relationship within the Province/Prefecture
31. The Municipal Government shall be solely responsible for Town Planning and the citing of industries, airports, and other facilities
32. The Municipal Government shall be directly in charge of 5% Sales Tax (of all transactions), 5% Residence Tax (5% of PAYE), annual Property Tax graduated between 50,000 per annum to 200,000 per annum (in conformance with the national guidelines)
33. 1% apiece of Education & Security Taxes
34. The Municipal Government must render a monthly income/expenditure to the Assemblies of Deputies
35. 25% of all Municipal Income must be paid to the Regional Government (according to the national guidelines)

SECTION 8

THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

1. The Provinces/Prefectures shall be made up of an Assembly of Heads of Municipal Governments
2. The Heads of the Municipal Governments (Mayors) must organize a loose provincial assembly
3. The Mayors shall elect a Provincial Head among themselves
4. The Provincial Head shall form a Provincial Government with other Mayors secretaries of different sectors

5. The Provincial Government shall be run such as to have the Traditional Council occupying 35% of the seats
6. The Provincial Government shall coordinate the affairs of the province and maintain a relationship with the Regional & Municipal Governments.

SECTION 9

EQUALITY OF REGIONS

1. All Regions are constitutionally equal
2. The minimum requirement to be a region is to have a population of at least 5 million persons with language or sociocultural interdependence
3. Large and small regions shall be equal
4. All Regions MUST contribute the same Number of Personnel to the Military, Federal Police, Federal Civil Services, Immigration, Customs, and others
5. All regions must maintain a graduated registration of citizens that must be recruited into the federally controlled organizations on an annual basis
6. There must be a Federal Office of National Employment (with representatives from each region) that tracks equal/fair representation of all regions in all services
7. There must be an Armed Services Board comprising of a representative each from all regions to manage promotions and recruitments into the armed services
8. The Parliament shall have a standing committee consisting of one Parliamentarian from all regions to oversee the management of the Boards by the Prime Minister
9. Any deviation from the laid down guidelines shall lead to the immediate dissolution of the government
10. Any official that willfully breaches these guidelines shall be liable to twenty-one (21) years imprisonment if found guilty
11. The Federal Boards of National Employment & the Armed Security Boards shall provide an annual report on the constitution of Federal Employments which shall be related to the regions with shortfalls
12. The balance of the federating units must be maintained at all times.

SECTION 10

THE MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT

- i) Every town, village or City must have a Municipal Council (according to the national guidelines)
- ii) The City Government must consist of 20% Traditional Council
- iii) The City Municipal Government must be parliamentary in conformance with the Sections 3 & 4
- iiii) The Mayor is elected by the party with the highest number of Deputies and the Traditional Council
- v) The Municipal Council; shall be directly responsible for ALL infrastructural Development of the City
- vi) The Municipal Government could obtain licenses on behalf of companies for the sole purpose of fast tracking their development
- vii) The municipal government, in conjunction with the Provincial & Regional Governments, must seek every way to aid development and solely responsible for the welfare of the people
- viii) Each Municipal Government must have a municipal constitution
- ix) The municipal constitution must not negate the Regional Constitution and those of the Government of the Federation
- x) Municipal Constitution must be gazetted in the City Council
- xi) The Municipal Government shall maintain an active police system in conformance with the National Guidelines for police formations
- xii) The Municipal Government shall maintain a Judicial System of Independent Courts in conformance with the National Guidelines
- xiii) The Municipal Government shall maintain a Criminal Detention System to house inmates and be charged to court in 24 hours, or handed over to the Regional Police or legal transfer to a security unit based on the Legal infringement
- xiiii) The Municipal Criminal Detention Centre shall be the facility for housing criminal bailiffs during trial
- xv) The Criminal Judicial Administration shall be according to the Trial by Jury model

- xvi) The Municipal Judiciary must have a minimum of 5 judges based on the number of districts and the judicial needs of the locality
- xvii) The judges must be elected by direct suffrage subject to clearance by the Regional Judicial Council
- xviii) The judge with the longest length of service or as selected among his peers within the Municipality shall become the Chief Judge
- xix) The tenure of Judges must be 5 years with the option to renew
- xx) The Judges and courts get funded directly from the Municipal Accounts
- xxi) The Municipality must pay 5% of all funding into the Judicial Funds
- xxii) The Judicial Funds shall be administered by the elected Judiciary, and a report submitted monthly to the Municipal Parliament
- xxiii) The Judicial Funds must be used to build Courts, administer courts and pay the emoluments of the Judges and court clerks in conformance with the national guidelines
- xxiiii) The Judges shall be responsible to only the People and involved in the daily administration of the Municipality
- xxv) The Mayor, or Parliament, have no power on the Judges in any way whatsoever
- xxvi) The administration, engagement and discipline of Judges must be by the independent National Judicial Council
- xxvii) The Municipal Government must maintain the office of the District Attorney
- xxviii) The District Attorney must be directly elected
- xxix) The District Attorney must maintain Assistant DAs in the Municipality
- xxx) The funding for the office of the District Attorney and emoluments, are the direct responsibility of the Municipality
- xxxi) The District Attorney shall be responsible for the prosecution of all crimes within the Municipality
- xxxii) The Municipality an elected Chief of Police
- xxxiii) The Chief of Police must maintain the Municipal Police and keep the Law & Order
- xxxiiii) 20% of Municipal Funds shall be directly paid into the police funds

- xxxv) Police equipment, emoluments, building and all funding shall come from the Police Funds
- xxxvi) A monthly report on the administration of the Police Funds must be submitted to the Mayor who presents it to the Municipal Assembly of Deputies
- xxxvii) The Municipal Government shall be solely responsible for the design, construction, funding, maintenance and operation of roads within its locality
- xxxviii) The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the construction of stadia and other public buildings in conformance with the national guidelines
- xxxix) The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the design, construction, administration, and funding of residential buildings, city development, beautification and administration
- xl) The municipal government shall maintain a database of all residents of the municipality
- xli) The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the provision of public power, water and other utilities
- xlii) The Municipal Government shall be responsible for the administration of public health facilities and administration in conformance with the national guidelines
- xliii) The Municipal Government shall be responsible for lives and security in the Municipality
- xliv) The Municipal Government shall and inter-municipal relationship within the Province/Prefecture
- xlvi) The Municipal Government shall be solely responsible for Town Planning and the citing of industries, airports, and other facilities
- xlvi) The Municipal Government shall be directly in charge of 5% Sales Tax (of all transactions), 5% Residence Tax (5% of PAYE), annual Property Tax graduated between 50,000 per annum to 200,000 per annum (in conformance with the national guidelines)
- xlvi) 1% apiece of Education & Security Taxes
- xlvi) The Municipal Government must render a monthly income/expenditure to the Assemblies of Deputies
- xlix) 25% of all Municipal Income must be paid to the Regional Government (according to the national guidelines)
- l) All Municipal Accounts and transactions must be audited quarterly

- li) All economic statistics and other data must be electronically submitted to the Regional Government in real time
- lii) Each Municipal Government must strive to compete and place the municipality on the world map
- liii) All Municipal Accounts and transactions must be audited quarterly
- liiii) All economic statistics and other data must be electronically submitted to the Regional Government in real time
- lv) Each Municipal Government must strive to compete and place the municipality on the world map
- lvi) The region shall be responsible for all licenses in conformance with the national guidelines of all activities under its purview
- lvii) Any firm seeking a license must obtain a Certificate of Consent from the Municipality of Interest at a cost not more than 10 times the national minimum wage
- lviii) The Certificate of Consent shall be a prerequisite for the award of the license
- lix) On obtaining the regional license, a company must file it with the Government of the Federation for Records purposes
- lx) Each Region must maintain a regional police formation according to the federal guidelines
- lxi) The Regional Government shall be responsible for the legislation, manning, control, funding, development of the sectors below or as agreed with the municipal and provincial governments:
 - 1. Railways
 - 2. Electric Power
 - 3. Intra-Regional Roads
 - 4. Educational Institutions
 - 5. Airports
 - 6. Seaports
 - 7. Mines
 - 8. Mineral Resources

9. 50 kilometers offshore of the littoral regions shall be administered by the regional government

10. Beyond 50 kilometers offshore of the littoral regions shall be administered by the Government of the Federation

11. Agriculture

12. Manufacturing

13. Company Registrations

14. Inland Water Ways.

CHAPTER TWO

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERATION

SECTION 1

- i) The government of the federation shall be established by parliament
- ii) The Parliament shall be made up of twenty (21) members each from each region
- iii) No region, however large or big shall have more members in parliament than any other
- iiii) The parliament shall be made up of 210 members only
- v) Each member shall represent a constituency within a region
- vi) The delineation of a constituency shall be the responsibility of the regional government and constituents
- vii) A list of delineated constituencies shall be collated and submitted to parliament
- viii) Each parliamentarian shall be elected from his constituency for a 4-year electorally-renewable tenure
- ix) Parliamentarians might spend less than four years per tenure if parliament were dissolved before the expiration of the tenure
- x) Elections must be held not later than 30 days on the dissolution of parliament
- xi) The Prime Minister and parliament must still run the government even after dissolution until the 30th day after which a new parliament must convene
- xii) Parliamentarians must belong to a distinct political party
- xiii) The political party with the highest number of parliamentarians shall be invited by the presidential council to form a government
- xiiii) A government must have the support of four-seventh (120 members) to be a clear majority
- xv) In the event that a political party does not have a 4/7th majority, a coalition government shall be formed

- xvi) In the event of the inability of the political party with the highest representation to form a government after 30 ordinary days, the runner-up party shall be invited to form a government within the next 30 days, then the second runner up after, within another 30 days
- xvii) In the event of the inability to form a government after 90 days, the parliament shall be dissolved and fresh elections conducted within 30 ordinary days
- xviii) The leader of the party with the highest number of parliamentarians, or the leader of the party that forms the government, shall be elected the Prime Minister from among the parliamentarians
- xix) The Prime Minister must convene an Executive arm of the government
- xx) The ministers in the executive arm, must be serving members of the parliament
- xxi) The executive must participate in the daily activities of parliament
- xxii) All decisions of the parliament must be carried out by the Executive (as led by the Prime Minister)
- xxiii) The Prime Minister, alongside the ministers, source their power only from the Parliament
- xxiiii) The Prime Minister or his ministers, shall not breach the Constitution or the Law in any form
- xxv) A vote of confidence shall be passed on the Executive as parliament deems fit
- xxvi) A vote of confidence shall be considered won or lost if the executive does not have at least 4/7th (120 votes) support of parliament
- xxvii) A loss of Vote of Confidence shall result in the immediate dissolution of parliament and reversion to Section 2, 17
- xxviii) On dissolution, the Electoral Council must announce a date within 30 days, on which all regions must conduct parliamentary elections
- xxix) The out-going Prime Minister and cabinet, shall continue in government for the 30 days until the new parliament is convened
- xxx) On the full tenure of parliament being achieved without dissolution, the Electoral Council shall announce a General Electoral date not later than 30 days to the expiration of the tenure of parliament
- xxxi) All parliamentarians are eligible for elections unless otherwise determined by their parties or by their constituencies

xxxii) Political parties must conduct primaries in the selection of parliamentary contestants, according to the national Electoral Council Guidelines.

SECTION 2

THE SENATORIAL COLLEGE

- i) Every seven (7) constituency within a region, shall have a senatorial college
- ii) Each region shall have a total of three (3) senatorial colleges
- iii) All senatorial colleges shall be non-partisan
- iiii) Each senator, shall be voted for, and determined by the Regional Parliament
- v) The Regional Parliament must present the List of the Senatorial College to the Electoral Council no more than 30 days after the request
- vi) A senatorial college shall have a maximum of 4 years per tenure
- vii) The members of the Senatorial College, shall convene a Senatorial College Council
- viii) The Senatorial College (or Senate) must convene at least four (4) times per month
- ix) The Senatorial College, shall choose from among themselves, the President of the College and the Vice President
- x) Letters of Credence shall be delivered and received by the Head of State whom shall be the president
- xi) The President & Vice President of the College, shall double as the President & Vice President of the Federation of Nigeria
- xii) The Senatorial College (Senate) shall stand as an Advisory Body to the Executive and the Parliament
- xiii) The Senatorial College must be dissolved every four years The Senatorial College shall be the guardians of the federation
- xiiii) They shall be responsible for the call for a political party to form a government
- xv) The Senatorial College shall be responsible for accepting the dissolution of parliament
- xvi) The Senatorial College shall liaise with the Electoral Commission over electoral issues

xvii) The resignation or not of the Prime Minister shall be the purview of the Senatorial College

xviii) The Senatorial College shall study all resolutions of parliament and advise parliament on same

xix) The Senatorial College shall not have any executive role whatsoever

xx) The Senatorial College shall serve as a powerful advisory body only

SECTION 3

THE ROLE OF THE FEDERAL PARLIAMENT

1. The Federal Parliament shall oversee the Federal Executive

2. The Federal Parliament shall ensure equal representation in all facets of the federation within the purview of the Federal Government

3. The Parliament shall request from the Prime Minister, through a written communication, to convene a 20-man Board of National Appointment and Promotions

4. The Board of National Appointments & Promotions shall be made up of two (2) persons each from each region

5. Membership of the Board shall be professionals of a minimum of 15 years post graduate experience

6. No member of the Board must possess less than a Bachelor degree

7. The List of the 20-member Board shall be submitted and approved by Parliament subject to security clearance by the Department of State Security

8. The Prime Minister shall initiate the Security Clearance

9. Each Board shall serve a maximum of four (4) years

10. The members of the Board shall be of equal powers

11. The Board Members must elect among themselves, a General Secretary

12. The General Secretary shall be the face of the Board

13. The Board shall be answerable to the Parliament through the Prime Minister

14. The National Board of Appointments shall be responsible for the management of all appointments by the Prime Minister and subject to Parliament
15. The National Board of Appointments shall collate names, curriculum vitae of all probable appointees of the Federation of Nigeria
16. The Board shall subject all appointees to interviews and/or examinations and shall make joint public recommendations to the Prime Minister
17. The results of the process shall be submitted to Parliament at least 10 working days before the recommendations are presented by the Prime Minister to Parliament
18. The Board of National Appointments shall ensure equal representation from each region in all appointments
19. The Board of National Appointments shall ensure that the most qualified from each region shall be recommended
20. Members of the Board are not allowed to receive gratifications, of any kind from candidates being vetted
21. In the case of a Member of the Board being intimately known to a candidate, the member must indicate through a written memorandum, to the Secretary of the Board and the information should be made available to all Board members not later than 24 hours after such notifications
22. Regional Governments, and Private Citizens are allowed to submit recommendations/Curriculum Vitae to the National Board of Appointments
23. The Secretary of the Board must, via a written memorandum to the Prime Minister, carry out background checks through the Department of State Security on all candidates
24. The Parliament shall approve or reject the recommendations per Ministry, Department or Agency as a unit
25. The Parliament shall not approve or reject individual candidates per ministry, department or agency
26. The Prime Minister shall reserve the authority to fire a candidate on the recommendations of the Board of National Appointments/Employments/Promotions
27. Such recommendations (as in Chapter 2, Section 3, Number 26) must be submitted to Parliament at least 10 working days
28. Recommendations (in Chapter 2, Section 3, number 27) shall be deliberated by parliament, and accepted or rejected via a simple vote of the majority

29. All Ministries, Departments and Agencies shall be under the purview of the Prime Minister
30. All powers of the Prime Minister must be derived from Parliament
31. The Parliament reserves the right to recommend to the Prime Minister that an appointee be fired based on a 4/7th vote
32. A quorum, shall be deemed to have been formed in parliament when at least 180 members of the 210 parliament are present
33. All recommendations of the parliament shall be based on either a simple majority or 4/7th majority as set by the Rules of parliament in conformance with the Constitution of the Federation
34. In the cases where the Constitution strictly stipulates the 4/7th majority or a simple majority, the Rules of parliament must adhere to such
35. Voting in parliament shall be by electronic ballot, by physical counting or marked ballot
36. Voting in parliament shall never be by Voice Vote (Ayes & Nays without physical counting are not legal)
37. Parliament shall make only laws relating to the Powers of the Federation
38. Parliament shall not make laws relating to the Functions of the Regional, Provincial or Municipal Governments
39. Parliament shall not make laws for the Judiciary in any way, and in any form
40. Parliamentary oversight shall cover only items of the Government of the Federation as shown in Chapter 2, Section 4)
41. A Parliamentarian shall be entitled to 2nos Security aides (from the Department of State Security), 2nos Assistants (from the Federal Civil Service) and 1nos valet/driver of choice on application to the Head of Parliament Civil Service (see Civil Service Guidelines)
42. The salaries and emoluments of parliamentary assistants and security aides shall not be borne by parliament but solely by the Civil Service
43. Salaries & Emoluments of Parliamentarians shall be guided by the Civil Service Rules & Regulations and shall not exceed more than 20 times the National Minimum monthly wage
44. Parliamentarians shall not be entitled to pensions and gratuities, official vehicles or housing
45. Eligibility for Parliament must be a minimum of a Bachelor Degree or its equivalent
46. Eligibility for Parliament must be at least 2 years post graduate experience

47. No parliamentarian shall hold dual citizenship
48. All parliamentarians must renounce their dual citizenship at least 5 years before registration for party nominations (see National Electoral Guidelines)
49. All parliamentarians must be at least 18 years by the date of party nominations at the regional level
50. All parliamentarians must attend at least 85% of all days of sessions per annum
51. Less than 85% attendance shall per annum shall lead to automatic recall and fresh constituency elections (unless the absence is by extenuating circumstances determined by the Regional Courts)
52. List of Attendance shall be kept by the Head of Parliament Civil Service and reviewed every quarter
53. The Head of the Parliament Civil Service shall, with a written memo, submit attendance data to the Parliament through the Head of Service at the end of every Parliamentary year
54. The Attendance report shall be copied to the Electoral Commission and recall notification (if any) is automatically transmitted to the Regional Constituency of the Parliamentarian
55. The Region shall immediately conduct a supplementary election for the vacancy on the advisory of the Electoral Commission and replace such within 30 ordinary days of receiving the Recall Notification
56. The Regional or Constituency of a Federal Parliamentarian might augment the salaries/emoluments of the Federal Parliamentarian. Such augmentations are at the discretion of the Regional Governments or Constituencies
57. The Parliament shall have committees of a minimum of ten (10) each with equal representation from all regions to oversee specific aspects of items on the exclusive list or their governing Ministries, Departments and Agencies
58. Parliamentarians shall neither ask, receive, nor accept gratifications from members or ministries, departments, agencies or corporate organizations/institution under the purview of the government of the Federation or with business with the organization
59. The government of the federation, the parliament, the ministries, agencies, departments or any entity related, attached or connected with the government of the federation, shall not employ any aspect of the revenues, funds, time, property or any resource of the Government of the Federation, in the sponsoring of pilgrimages, or the propagation of any religion of any kind
60. A breach of any of the Articles of Chapter 2, Section 3, shall attract a 5-year jail term if liable.

SECTION 4

1. THE EXCLUSIVE LIST

- i) The Exclusive List shall be the sole responsibility of the Government of the Federation
- ii) The Government of the Federation shall be responsible for:
 - 1. Military
 - 2. Immigration
 - 3. Foreign Affairs
 - 4. Central Banking
 - 5. National Guidelines.

2. THE CONCURRENT LIST

- 1. The concurrent list shall be the sole responsibility of the regional governments
- 2. The Government of the Federation is not precluded from carrying out responsibilities on the concurrent list
- 3. The primary duty of the Regional government shall be the welfare of the citizens through the concurrent list
- 4. The regional governments shall be responsible for:
 - A. Electricity generation, transmission & distribution
 - B. Railways
 - C. Airports
 - D. Seaports
 - E. Agriculture
 - F. Corporate licensing
 - G. Vehicle Licensing
 - H. Driver Licensing

I. Electronic Media Licensing

J. Communications Licensing

K. Education

L. Regional Policing

3. INTERNAL SECURITY

1. Internal Security shall be the joint of the Government of the Federation, the Regional Governments and the Municipal Governments

2. The Government of the Federation shall maintain non-uniformed federal police

3. The federal police shall be shall have jurisprudence of maintaining the Laws of the Federation only, and maintaining internal security

4. International airports, seaports and bus terminals shall be administered by the regions but security shall be provided by a Transport Security Administration which shall be the sole responsibility of the Government of the Federation

5. The international airports, seaports, rail stations and bus terminals shall have a Customs, Immigration & Drug Law Agency Sections

6. Federal Security must be provided for all federal establishments unless otherwise established with the regions

7. Each region shall have a uniformed, well-honed Regional Police

8. The regional police shall provide internal security for the regions

9. Each region shall have a Regional Director of the Head of Police

10. Each municipality shall have a Municipal Police Department

11. Each municipal police department shall be headed by a Commissioner of Police

12. There must be guidelines for Police Administration across the federation

13. The federal police shall not have jurisprudence, control or powers over the regional and municipal police

14. Each police unit shall have jurisprudence within its area of influence only and shall rely on other police departments for jurisprudence in their own localities

15. Federal police shall not interfere with the affairs of the region, the regional government or the municipalities in any way unless otherwise stated or established by law

16. Federal police shall not restrict the movement or freedom of any one at the regional or municipal level unless federal laws were established by a federal court to have been breached by the individual

17. Guidelines for police administration and jurisprudence shall be agreed to by all regions and the government of the federation.

4. THE PRIME MINISTER

i) Shall maintain National Guidelines

ii) Shall oversee a Customs Service

iii) Shall oversee an Immigration Service

iiii) Shall oversee a National Defense Force

v) Shall oversee a non-uniformed Federal Police

vi) Shall oversee Security at the ports of entry and exits

vii) Shall oversee Foreign Relations

viii) Shall oversee Central Banking

ix) Shall Oversee a National Economic Planning & Execute same

x) Shall oversee the Coordination of activities between the Government of the Federation & the Regions

CHAPTER THREE

SECTION 1

THE JUDICIARY

1. The judiciary shall be totally independent
2. There shall be:
 - i. Municipal Courts
 - ii. Regional High Courts

- iii. 1 nos Federal High Court per region
 - iv. Two appellate courts (one in Southern Nigeria, and one in Northern Nigeria)
 - v. 1 nos Supreme Court
3. The Judiciary must maintain a list of registered judges from the municipal level, to the region to the federal
 4. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the administration of Justice
 5. The National Judicial Council must have a Regional Judicial Council in all regions
 6. The National Judicial Council must be self-governing and maintain a 20-member council
 7. There shall be two members per region in the National Judicial Council
 8. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the manning of judges in the 10 Appellate courts
 9. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for all nominations to the Supreme Court
 10. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the appointment of the Chief Justice of the Federation
 11. On nominating the Chief Justice of the Federation, the National Judicial Council submits the name to the Senatorial College for ratification
 12. The Senatorial College announces the nomination of the Chief Justice without prejudice
 13. The Chief Justice shall spend a maximum of 4 years per tenure
 14. There is no limit to the number of tenures
 15. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the Department of Justice
 16. The National Judicial Council shall be funded directly from the Treasury and shall have a separate budget
 17. The National Judicial Council shall oversee the National Judicial Guidelines
 18. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the administration of salaries, emoluments, appointments, promotions and pensions of the members of the Bench and Bar at the Federation Level
 19. The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the building, construction, and administration of the Federal High Courts, the Appeal Courts and the Supreme Court

20. The Courts shall have full powers but shall be self-censoring
21. Contempt of the Courts shall attract at a minimum 12 months imprisonment
22. The Courts shall ensure that all court orders are adhered to
23. All bench warrants and orders are actionable without exception
24. There shall be a Nigerian Bar Association
25. The Nigerian Bar Association must be self-governing
26. The Prime Minister must appoint a member of the Nigerian Bar as the Attorney General
27. The Attorney General must possess at least 15-year post Bar experience
28. The Attorney General shall be responsible for maintaining the Federal Office of Prosecution alone
29. The Attorney General shall provide sound advice to the Government of the Federation on inter-government relations with the regions, with the Judiciary, with the Police and with all other aspects of Law relating with other arms of government
30. The Attorney General shall be answerable to the Prime Minister and ensure Federal Laws.

SECTION 2

THE FEDERAL POLICE

1. There shall be a federal police department
2. The federal police shall be a non-uniformed corps
3. The federal police shall be headed by a Director sourced from within the corps in line with the Guidelines of the National Board of Appointments/Employments/promotions
4. The federal police shall be made up of personnel equally sourced from all regions

5. The minimum qualification shall be the National Certificate of Education
6. The federal police shall carry out investigations and maintain a database
7. The federal police shall be in charge of internal security
8. The Director shall be a career member of the force as recommended by the National Board of Appointments/Employments/Promotions
9. The Director must be chosen from a list of 20 equally sourced from the regions
10. The choice of director shall not abrogate the career of another
11. Salaries & Emoluments of the federal police shall be the preserve of the civil service
12. Police Funding shall be directly from the budget
13. The Federal Police shall only enforce federal laws
14. The federal police shall have no jurisdiction over the regional and municipal affairs
15. The federal police shall not have powers over any individual, within or beyond the federation of Nigeria
16. The federal police shall have jurisprudence over an individual, or incident in which a federal law has been broken
17. All matters under the exclusive list shall be subject to the Laws of the Federation, hence federal police
18. A regional law infringement shall become a federal offence if the person or persons committing the infringement, should cross from one region to the other in the course of committing the infringement
19. An establishment that remains within the confines of a region, and does not break federal laws, shall be confined to regional jurisprudence alone, otherwise, federal
20. No federal law enforcement, shall have powers to arrest, prosecute, invite, harass, or in any way, communicate irresponsibly with members of a regional or municipal government
21. Federal law enforcement shall not operate beyond its mandate
22. Federal law enforcement shall only have effect on a regional government, parliament of premier if cases as these have been established:
 - i. Indictment by a Federal Grand Jury of a premier or members of parliament

- ii. Regional and Federal court rulings establishing acts of treason or sedition by members of the regional government
- iii. Corrupt practices in projects or systems that are federally funded or have federal input
- iv. Non-remittance of the federal contribution by the region
- v. Encroachment on federal property or facility by agents or agencies of the regional or municipal governments.

23. Federal Law enforcement must approach the Federal High Court in the Region of interest for a substantive and actionable court order to legally act within a region in the course of the breach of any of the Articles in Number 22 above

24. Breach of the Law at the regional level shall be the purview of the regional courts and not the federal government

25. Corrupt practices at the regions shall be actionable by the regional courts otherwise at the federal courts if federal funds are established to have been abused

26. Regional Accounting shall be the purview of the regional accountant general

27. The Regional Auditor General shall render monthly regional accounting and ensure remittances to the government of the federation on a monthly basis

28. The breach of federal remittances shall be a federal crime liable to the Regional Accountant General

29. The Regional Accountant General shall be answerable to the Regional Parliament

30. The regional Accountant General shall ensure sound accounting relationship with the Government of the Federation via the Federal Accountant General.

SECTION 3

THE FEDERAL HIGH COURT

- i) There shall be one federal high court each per region
- ii) The federal high courts shall be under the administration of the National Judicial Council

- iii) The National Judicial Council shall be responsible for the posting, selection, employment, salaries and administration of the federal high court judges
- iii) The federal high courts must adjudicate on federal judicial issues within their region of jurisdiction
- v) The federal high courts shall only adjudicate on federal breaches of the law within their regional jurisdiction
- vi) The federal shall present all federal criminal cases before the federal high courts
- vii) The Federal Attorney General shall prosecute cases only in the federal high courts
- viii) All disputes from persons or institutions within the jurisdiction of the and ambit of the exclusive list, shall be adjudicated by the federal high courts
- ix) The federal high courts shall have no jurisdiction whatsoever over regional and municipal laws
- x) A federal judge that desires to adjudicate at another level of courts shall apply to the National Judicial Council.

SECTION 4

THE APPEAL COURTS

- i) There shall be one (1nos) Appeal Court per region
- ii) The Appeal Courts shall be administered along the lines of Chapter 3, Section 3, Numbers 2, 3 & 7
- iii) The Appeal Courts shall adjudicate over disputes from:
 - 1. Federal High Courts
 - 2. Regional High Courts
- iiii) Appeals must be filed at the Regional Appeal Court of Jurisdiction within twenty-one (21) ordinary days after the judgement of the Federal or Regional High Courts
- v) All judgements shall be delivered within 90 working days of the appeal.

SECTION 5

THE SUPREME COURT

1. The Supreme Court shall be the highest court in the federation
2. Nominations into the Supreme Court shall be at the instance and recommendations of the National Judicial Council
3. Supreme Court Judges shall serve a maximum of fifteen years (15) in the supreme court
4. The administration of the Supreme Court shall be along the lines of Chapter 3, Section 3, Number 2 & 3
5. Appeals to the Supreme Court must be filed within twenty-one working days after delivery of judgement by the Appeal Court
6. All judgments shall be delivered within 90 working days of the appeal
7. The Judgement of the Supreme Court shall be the final judgement within the Federation of Nigeria.

SECTION 6

THE FEDERAL PRISONS

- i) The Government of the Federation shall maintain one federal prison each in all regions
- ii) The federal prisons shall house only those that have been sentenced to serve time from:
 1. Federal High Court
 2. Appeal Court
 3. Supreme Court
- iii) The Federal Prisons shall be divided into three sections:

1. Remand Section for those yet to be sentenced
2. Term Section for those that have been sentenced
3. Death Row for those condemned to death

iii) The Fundamental Human Rights of all prisoners or those in remand shall not be breached at any time

v) All prisoners have a right to sue the prison authorities, the government of the federation, their agencies and officers

vi) All prisoners shall have a right to two (2nos) visitors per week

vii) Federal Prisons shall be established and administered by the standards prescribed by the International Organization for Human Rights

viii) Every prisoner shall be entitled to a legal counsel throughout his duration in the federal prison

ix) The prisons shall be administered by the Department of the Interior

x) All federal prisons shall be located remotely and at least 2000 meters from residential and commercial activities

xi) The administration of the federal prisons shall be in accordance with the National Guidelines for Prisons Administration

xii) Regional Governments shall maintain regional prisons in conformance with the National Guidelines for Prisons Administration.

CHAPTER FOUR

THE RIGHTS OF THE CITIZEN

SECTION 1

FUNDAMENTAL HUMAN RIGHTS

1. The Rights of the Citizen shall be in accordance with the Articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights
2. The Articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights from UNHCR shall be completely, absolutely and totally implemented domesticated
3. The Articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights shall be the guiding principles to safeguard the Rights of the Citizen
4. The Citizen shall be protected from the government at all levels, from government agencies, from agents, from non-state actors and every entity within the Federation of Nigeria from abuse of any form, in any way
5. The breach of the Fundamental Rights of the Citizen by any of the aforementioned (in Chapter 4, Section 1, Article 4) shall attract 5 years imprisonment with no option of fine
6. The Breach of the Fundamental Human Rights of the Citizen shall be considered a federal offense anywhere within the Federation of Nigeria be it Federal, Regional or Municipal.

SECTION 2

- i) The Citizen of Nigeria has a Right to Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Freedom
- ii) All Citizens of the Federation of Nigeria have the absolute Freedom of Speech, Freedom of Association, Freedom of Movement, Freedom to carry out any lawful business activity in any part of the federation
- iii) No government at any level shall make, enact, propose or establish any law that shall curtail any portion or part of the Fundamental Human Rights of the citizen
- iiii) Any law made by any government at any level in any part of the Federation of Nigeria that curtails the Rights of the Citizen shall be null and void
- v) No citizen shall be remanded for more than 24 hours after arrest without charging to court

- vi) Arrest of any citizen by an official public holiday or weekend shall not override the provisions of Chapter 4, Section 2, Article 5 above
- vii) A citizen arrested over a weekend or an official public holiday must be set free within 24 hours unless the prosecuting authority is able to charge to court within the stipulated time
- viii) Every citizen scheduled to be arrested shall be read his full rights before an arrest is effected
- ix) Every citizen being arrested or to be arrested, or arrested must be properly briefed on the reasons for the arrest
- x) Every citizen to be arrested, or being arrested, or arrested shall have the absolute rights to remain silent unless otherwise advised by a legal counsel
- xi) Every citizen being arrested or to be arrested, or arrested shall have the right to legal counsel
- xii) In the event of a citizen without legal counsel, the arresting authority shall provide a legal counsel immediately
- xiii) Firearms shall NOT be pointed at any unarmed citizen under whatever guise throughout the Federation of Nigeria
- xiiii) The arresting authority shall neither point firearms, nor shoot, nor attempt to shoot at unarmed citizens in any part of the federation
- xv) The arresting authorities shall not torture, harass, batter nor assault any citizen to be arrested, being arrested or arrested in any way whatsoever
- xvi) For investigations that might lead to an arrest, an arrest warrant must be obtained from the court of jurisprudence and the arrest warrant shall be read to, sighted and read by the citizen to be arrested before the arrest shall be effected
- xvii) The arresting authority, on fulfilling all articles in Chapter 4, Section 2, Articles 8, 9, 13 & 14 shall have the rights to arrest the subject of interest
- xviii) Resistance or arrest on the fulfilment of the Chapter 4, Section 2, Articles 8,9, 13 & 14 shall attract 6 months imprisonment or a fine determined by the courts
- xix) The arresting authority shall employ extremely minimal force to secure the arrest of a subject resisting arrest
- xx) The establishment of harassment, torture, or any aspect of the breach of the fundamental human rights of the subject is liable to 5 years imprisonment of the arresting officer or officers
- xxi) Arrested citizens shall be remanded for no more than 24 hours before being charged to court, and must be kept in a remand cell of no more than two persons

xxii) All remand cells shall be certified fit for human habitation by the court and the department of Internal Affairs in accordance to the provisions of the UNHCR

xxiii) No citizen shall be made to relinquish his clothing or subjected to any indignity, in any form

xxiiii) A breach of any part of the Rights of the Citizen, shall attract a 5-year jail term

xxv) No member of the military shall harass or be employed or be involved in breaching the fundamental human rights of any citizen within the federation of Nigeria otherwise liable to 5 years imprisonment

xxvi) It shall be lawful for any citizen to bear arms wherein all arms must be registered

xxvii) Arms registration shall be at the municipal level whereas all registrations must be input in a national database within 24 hours of such registrations

xxviii) It is the fundamental human rights of all citizens to defend self if endangered and the degree of danger adequately established

xxix) Murder or injury to another under the guise of self defense that is not established by law shall be treated as murder or assault and offenders shall be penalized according to the laws of the region or federal law as might be established by jurisdiction

xxx) There shall be absolute Freedom of Speech and Expression throughout the federation, either as individuals, media, corporate or any entity recognized by the Laws of the Federation.

CHAPTER 5

THE CIVIL SERVICE OF THE FEDERATION

SECTION 1

1. The government of the federation shall maintain a Federation Civil Service
2. The Federation Civil Service shall be manned by a Head of Service
3. The Head of Service must be a career civil servant
4. Appointment of the Head of Service (not less than Level 16) shall be according to the provisions of the National Guidelines for Appointments/Employments/Promotions and the National Board of Appointments/Employment/Promotions
5. The Federation Civil Service shall be made up of the following Ministries/Departments:
 - i. Internal Affairs
 - ii. Federation Civil Service Employment
 - iii. Foreign Affairs
 - iv. Finance
 - v. National Transport
 - vi. Environment
 - vii. Defense
 - viii. Health Administration
 - ix. National Planning.
6. All aspects of the different ministries shall be manned by career civil servants
7. There shall be no external appointment to any level of the civil service
8. All positions shall be manned via rigorously conducted examinations for candidates
9. Entrance examinations shall be gazette on the website and in the national dailies
10. The regions shall contribute equally to the federation civil service but merit based
11. There shall be an established minimum qualification that all candidates must attain to qualify for the civil service

12. Results of the examinations must be published in all national dailies
13. Candidates are posted into different ministries upon absorption by the Head of Service or a designated department
14. All ministries, departments and agencies shall be equally manned by personnel from all regions
15. The Federal Civil Service Guidelines shall be reviewed every three years.

SECTION 2

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

There shall be independent agencies as below:

1. Central Bank
2. National Judicial Commission
2. The manning of the Central Bank shall be carried out by the Central Bank
3. Appointment of the Governor of the Central Bank shall be in accordance with the Guidelines of the National Board of Appointments/Employments/Promotions
4. The Governor of the Central Bank shall have a maximum of 5-year tenure with the option of renewal
5. The Governor of the Central Bank can only be removed by an act of Parliament
6. The Central Bank shall be guided by Financial Reporting & Regulations Standards of the Federation
7. The National Judicial Commission shall be manned via the Federal Civil Service
8. The National Judicial Commission shall be responsible for the administration of the Department of Justice.

SECTION 3

1. DEPENDENT AGENCIES

B1. NIGERIAN CUSTOMS SERVICE

1. There shall be a NIGERIAN CUSTOMS SERVICE
2. The Customs Service shall be supervised by the Ministry of Finance
3. Employment into the Customs Service shall be through the Federal Civil Service Employment
4. The Head of the Customs Service shall be a career civil servant not below Level 16
5. The Head of the Customs Service shall be chosen in accordance to the National Board of Appointments/Employments/Promotions
6. The Customs Service shall be responsible for the collection of duties on all imported and exported items without exception
7. All collected duties shall be automatically paid into a single federal account
8. The Guidelines for the Nigerian Customs Service shall be adhered to without exception.

B2. THE NIGERIAN IMMIGRATION SERVICE

1. This shall be supervised by the Ministry of the Interior
2. The Immigration service shall be manned through the Federal Civil Service Employment
3. The Head of Immigration shall be a career civil servant not below level 16
4. The Head of the Customs Service shall be chosen in accordance to the National Board of Appointments/Employments/Promotions
5. The Nigerian Immigration Service shall be responsible for the printing of passports, documentation of aliens, Border Control at the ports of entry and exits, and Border Control along the land and sea borders
6. The Immigration Service shall be licensed to bear only small arms at the ports of entry and exit and assault rifles along the land and sea borders which are not designated ports
7. The Nigerian Immigration Service shall be guided by the Guidelines on Immigration.

B3. SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION

1. The Securities & Exchange Commission shall be an agency within the Ministry of Finance
2. The Commission shall be responsible for the regulation of Stock Exchanges, Discount Houses and others as designated by the Guidelines on Securities & Exchange Commission
3. The Commission shall be manned by career civil servants in conformance with the Guidelines on Securities & Exchanges
4. The Commission shall be headed by an individual not less than Level 16
5. The choice of the Head of the Commission shall be according to the Guidelines on the National Board for Appointments/Employments/Promotions
6. Applications for the establishment of Stock Exchanges shall be to the Commission
7. Applications for the establishment of Stock Exchanges shall be made by the Local Chamber of Commerce
8. Stock Exchanges shall not be established by government at any level, in any form
9. The minimum capitalization for a stock exchange shall be 1 trillion Naira reviewable every 5 years
10. All profit-making organizations, companies, institutions and other which participate in the market, worth 5 billion Naira or more, whether regional, municipal, national or international, shall list 40 percent of its shares on a local stock exchange.

B4. CORPORATE AFFAIRS COMMISSION

1. The Corporate Affairs Commission shall be responsible for companies, organization, institutions, or entities that operate in more than one region
2. Any company, organization, institution or entity that had hitherto been registered by the Regional Corporate Affairs Commission, that has now operations in more than the region of origin, shall be registered by the Corporate Affairs Commission of the Federation
3. The registration of any company, organization, institution or entity, that is registered by the Federation Government, must seek the registration at the regional level of interest
4. The Corporate Affairs Commission shall be governed by the Guidelines of the Corporate Affairs Commission as approved by Parliament

5. The Corporate Affairs Commission shall be governed according to the Articles of Chapter 5, Section 4, Articles 1 to 8 or as relevant.

SECTION 4

ESTABLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENTS & AGENCIES

1. Departments and Agencies shall be established on needs only
2. The Prime Minister shall submit a proposal for the establishment of the department or agency to parliament
3. The proposal shall contain the justification for the agency and its funding
4. Parliament shall approve or reject the proposal on its merits
5. All departments and agencies shall be profit making
6. The funding of such agencies shall be from the generated revenues of the agencies
7. All departments and agencies shall be manned by career civil servants
8. The leadership of such agencies shall be sourced from within the department or agency in line with the Guidelines of the National Board for Appointments/Employments/Promotions.

CHAPTER SIX

FINANCING THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERATION

SECTION 1

CENTRAL BANKING

1. The Central Bank of the Federation of Nigeria shall be responsible for all Monetary Policies
2. There shall be a single account of the Government of the Federation
3. The single account of the government of the Federation shall be domiciled with the Central Bank
4. All funds accruable to the Government of the Federation shall be paid into the single account and no one else
5. The Account of the Government of the Federation shall be managed by the Central Bank only and no other agency, department, ministry or third party
6. The Central Bank shall render a monthly report of the accounts to the Parliament
7. The Single Treasury Account of the Government of the Federation shall be audited quarterly by the Auditor General
8. The Quarterly Audited Report shall be submitted to Parliament not later than 10 working days of the new Quarter
9. The Central Bank shall render monthly actual Gross Domestic Product of the Government of the Federation and the Regional Governments
10. The Central Bank shall obtain monthly economic indicators from all aspects of the Federation of Nigeria.

SECTION 2

CURRENCY

- i) The currency of the Federation of Nigeria shall be the Naira and the Kobo
- ii) All currencies shall be controlled by the Central Bank of the Federation

- iii) The Naira and the Kobo shall be 100% printed, minted and manufactured in Nigeria
- iii) The Central Bank shall set up a Mint for the manufacture, printing and minting of the Nigerian currency
- v) The Central Bank shall be the SOLE manufacturer of the Naira and Kobo
- vi) On no account shall a third party or a foreign entity control the minting, printing or manufacturing of the Nigerian Currency
- vii) The Nigerian Currency shall be 100% printed, minted and manufactured within the boundaries of the Federation of Nigeria
- viii) Any breach of any part, section, portion or otherwise of Chapter 6, Section 2 and all Articles therein shall be termed treasonable and liable to 30 years imprisonment.

SECTION 3

FUNDING THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERATION

- i) The Government of the Federation shall be 100% funded on taxes
- ii) Sources of Taxes shall be:
 1. Import duties from Customs Services
 2. Export duties from Customs Services
 3. Licensing Fees from the Corporate Affairs Commission
 4. 25% Tax Remissions from the Regional Governments
 5. Levies and Fees from the Regulatory Bodies
 6. Petroleum & Mineral Rights Taxes from the Concession of the Government of the Federation beyond the 50-kilometer mark of the waters of the Federation of Nigeria
- iii) The Government of the Federation shall maintain a Balanced Budget or a deficit which shall not exceed 10% of the budgeted amount
- iv) The Government of the Federation shall borrow from external and internal sources on the following conditions:
 7. If funding cannot be sourced from within the ambits of the Government of the Federation
 8. If there are no alternatives to borrowing

9. If 4/7th of the Parliament approves the borrowing
 10. If 7/10 of the Regional Governments through the Regional Parliaments consent to the borrowing
- v) The total debt of the government of the federation shall not exceed 8% of the GDP at any one time
 - vi) The Regional Government shall only borrow if the borrowing is consented to by Parliament on the advice of the Central Bank
 - vii) The Government of the Federation shall recover regional foreign debts and remit same to the foreign borrower
 - viii) The Government of the Federation shall render a monthly account to the Nigerian Public on the Finances of the Federation
 - ix) There shall be no statutory allocations to regions from the Treasury of the Federation
 - x) The Parliament reserves the right to fund specific programs of the regions
 - xi) The funds generated by the Government of the Federation shall be appropriated by the Government of the Federation through the Parliament
 - xii) A breach of any section of Chapter 6, Section 2 and all Articles therein shall attract a jail term not less than 5-years.

SECTION 4

THE DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT OF THE FEDERATION

11. The Department of Audit of the Federation of Nigeria shall be a stand-alone Department
12. The Department shall be manned by career civil servants
13. The Head of the Department shall be designated the Auditor General
14. The Auditor General shall be an individual not less than the Level 16
15. The appointment of the Auditor General shall be in conformance with the Guidelines of the National Board of Appointments/Employments/Promotions
16. The Office of the Auditor General shall carry out quarterly audits of all government agencies, Central Bank and the all aspects of the Government of the Federation

17. The Auditor General shall audit the veracity of the 25% Regional Remissions
18. The Auditor General shall oversee the submission of audit reports by all agencies, departments, military, police, judiciary and ministries of the government of the federation and the 25% Regional Remissions
19. The Auditor General shall report to Parliament through the Prime Minister of authenticated audits
20. The Auditor General shall issue a query, within 30 ordinary days of receiving an audit report to any aspect of the Government of the Federation alongside the 25% Regional Remission in the case of failed audits
21. Any aspect of the Government of the Federation, including the Executive Arm led by the Prime Minister, the Parliament, the Senatorial Advisory Council, the 25% Regional Remission, the Military, Police or any agency of the Government of the Federation, which receives an Audit Query, must respond to such queries within 10 working days of receiving the Audit Query
22. The Auditor General shall inform the responder within 10 working days of receiving an Audit Query Response, of the acceptance of the response or the rejection of its contents or aspects of the contents
23. For any Audit Query deemed unsatisfactory, the Auditor General shall write to Parliament through the Prime Minister on the unsatisfactory Response to the Audit Query within 10 working days of receiving the response
24. The Parliament shall set up a Grand Jury of 20 persons, to establish whether there had been financial crimes, misappropriations or Breach of the Due Process by the Audit Query Respondent
25. The Grand Jury shall consist of one representative each from the 10 Regions of the Federation, federal accountants, bankers, and two senior members (Level 15 and above) of the Federal Police
26. The Grand Jury shall submit the report to Parliament within 10 working days of concluding the open session of the panel investigations
27. A report indicating that a breach shall be submitted to the Attorney General and advised to prosecute
28. The Attorney General shall carry out the prosecution on proper investigations and advice from the Federal Police
29. A breach, as confirmed by the Courts, of misappropriation, embezzlement or mismanagement of the Finances of the Government of the Federation shall attract a minimum of 15 years imprisonment

30. A breach of the Due Process of the Guidelines, which causes a loss revenue to the Government of the Federation, shall attract a jail term of a minimum of 7 years imprisonment.

SECTION 5

THE FEDERATION MINISTRY OF FINANCE

31. The Federation Ministry of Finance shall be manned according to the statutory laws of staffing Federation Ministries

32. The Political Head of the Ministry shall be the Minister of Finance appointed and ratified by Parliament and a member of Parliament

33. The Ministry of Finance shall be responsible for:

34. Collating Sectoral 5-year Plans

35. Collating Sectoral Annual Work Programs

36. Budgeting for Sectoral Annual Work Programs

37. Collating all Finances of the Government of the Federation

38. Monitoring Annual Work Programs and giving Quarterly Reports to Parliament through the Prime Minister

39. Responsible for Fiscal Policies

40. Coordinating with the Central Bank of the Federation on Monthly Finances and State of the Economy

41. Collating Effects of Policies, Government expenditures and programs on the Economy

42. Relating with the Regional Governments on Programs on advisory basis

43. Carry out Comparative Economies Analysis against other sovereign economies

44. Project the Economy of the Federation of Nigeria as among the first 15 economies globally as an irreducible minimum

45. The Federation Ministry of Finance must submit the Budget of the subsequent year to Parliament by the 1st of August of the preceding year

46. Parliament shall pass the Budget on or before January 30th of the Fiscal Year

47. The Federation Ministry of Finance shall actively monitor Budget Implementation of all ministries, departments, agencies, military, police and all projects of the Federation of Nigeria
48. The Federation Ministry of Finance shall ensure a 100% Work Program/Budget Implementation of all ministries, departments, agencies, military, police, and all projects of the Government of the Federation of Nigeria
49. In the case where any aspect of the Government of the Federation of Nigeria fails to implement a 100% of its Annual Work Program (monitored on a quarterly basis) and its attendant Budget, the Federation Ministry of Finance shall, through a written report, issue a query within the quarter to the offending organ of the Government of the Federation within 5 working days after the quarter under review
50. Any aspect of the Government of the Federation, including the Executive Arm led by the Prime Minister, the Parliament, the Senatorial Advisory Council, the Military, Police or any agency of the Government of the Federation, which receives a Work Program/Budget Implementation Query, must respond to such queries within 5 working days of receiving the Work Program/Budget Implementation Query
51. The Minister of Finance shall inform the responder within 5 working days of receiving a Work Program/Budget Implementation Query Response, of the acceptance of the response or the rejection of its contents or aspects of the contents
52. For any Work Program/Budget Implementation Query deemed unsatisfactory, the Minister of Finance shall write to Parliament through the Prime Minister on the unsatisfactory Response to the Work Program/Budget Implementation Query within 5 working days of receiving the response
53. The Parliament shall set up a Grand Jury of 20 persons, to establish whether there had been financial crimes, misappropriations or Breach of the Due Process, incompetence or sabotage by the Work Program/Budget Implementation Respondent
54. The Grand Jury shall consist of one representative each from the 10 Regions of the Federation, federal accountants, bankers, and two senior members (Level 15 and above) of the Federal Police
55. The Grand Jury shall submit the report to Parliament within 10 working days of concluding the open session of the panel investigations
56. A report indicating that a breach shall be submitted to the Attorney General and advised to prosecute
57. The Attorney General shall carry out the prosecution on proper investigations and advice from the Federal Police

58. A breach, as confirmed by the Courts, of any aspect of Chapter 6, Section 5 and the articles therein shall attract a 5-year jail term.

SECTION 6

SOVEREIGN WEALTH FUND

59. The Government of the Federation shall establish a Sovereign Wealth Fund

60. 10% of all revenues of the Government of the Federation shall be statutorily paid into the Sovereign Wealth Fund

61. The Sovereign Wealth Fund shall be managed by the Central Bank of the Federation

62. The Prime Minister shall make proposals to Parliament on the safe investment outlets for the funds

63. The Sovereign Wealth Funds shall be invested to yield at least 12% annually

64. The 12% yield shall be paid as dividends on a yearly basis to every citizen of the Federation of Nigeria

65. The administration of the Sovereign Wealth Funds shall be the only business constitutionally permitted to be administered by the Government of the Federation

66. The Central Bank shall render a monthly report in line with the Chapter 6, Section 1 and the articles therein.

CHAPTER SEVEN

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

SECTION 1

FOREIGN POLICY & ALIGNMENTS

67. The Federation of Nigeria shall maintain a non-alignment policy with any group with regional interests in contention with another group with regional interests

68. The Federation of Nigeria shall not align with any group on religious basis

69. The Federation of Nigeria shall not align with any group or sovereign with the intent to war against another

70. The Federation of Nigeria shall maintain neutrality in any regional or global conflict between two or more sovereigns

71. The Federation of Nigeria shall relate with sovereigns based on the national interests only

72. The Federation of Nigeria shall bear herself with dignity and demand the respect of other sovereigns accordingly

73. The Federation of Nigeria shall not be disadvantaged in any way, in any form or aspects in her relationship with other sovereigns

74. The Federation of Nigeria shall protect all her citizens in all parts of the globe and the known world

75. The Government of the Federation of Nigeria shall actively protect all her citizens all over the world

76. The Government of the Federation of Nigeria shall not leave any Nigerian behind in any part of the globe or the known world.

SECTION 2

THE FOREIGN MINISTRY

77. The Foreign Ministry shall be manned by career civil servants according to the Guidelines of the National Board for Appointments/Employments/Promotions

78. The Federation Civil Service Employment Guidelines

79. All regions shall be equally represented in the Foreign Ministry in conformance with the Federation Civil Service Guidelines
80. The Head of the Ministry shall be the Permanent Secretary not lower than Level 16
81. The appointment of the worthiest candidate as Permanent Secretary shall be in conformance, and shall be conducted by the National Board for Appointments/Employments/Promotions
82. The Foreign Ministry shall be dedicated to projecting the image of Nigeria
83. The Foreign Ministry shall be responsible for all Embassies and Consulates globally
84. The Foreign Ministry shall respond to all enquiries from any Nigerian or from any part of the world within 60 minutes of such enquiries
85. The Foreign Ministry shall present herself, and the Federation of Nigeria with dignity
86. The Foreign Ministry shall treat nationals of other sovereigns with the appropriate dignity
87. The Foreign Ministry must be efficient in dealing with all issues
88. All staff of the foreign ministry shall be speak at least one other foreign language aside the English Language as a requisite within 5 years of joining the ministry.

SECTION 3

EMBASSIES & CONSULATES

89. The Foreign Ministry shall maintain embassies & consulates all over the globe or as defined by the Government of the Federation
90. The Embassies/Consulates shall be manned by career civil servants within the Foreign Ministry
91. The Embassies/Consulates shall be efficiently maintained and operated
92. All Embassy/Consulate personnel shall be properly designated
93. The Embassy/Consulate shall have functional communication equipment
94. The Embassy/Consulate shall be operated as an effective Government of the Federation beyond the boundaries of the Federation
95. All enquires by all persons, governments, sovereigns, corporate organizations, institutions, and entities shall be treated with dispatch and courtesy

96. All enquiries made in person or by phone or by any other means of communication shall be responded to within 30 minutes of the enquiries
97. All Applications for Visas shall be treated and concluded, and returned to the persons within 72 hours upon receiving the application
98. Application for Visas could only be turned down on the following:
99. A valid proof of terrorism or association with terrorism of the applicant
100. A request by a sovereign government with a proof that shall not infringe on the Fundamental Human Rights of the applicant
101. A proof of the applicant bearing a plague
102. The inability of the visa applicant to properly state the reason for the visa application
103. Inability of the visa applicant to show a minimum income.
104. Tourists, Students (with proof of scholarstic engagement) and business people shall be issued a visa within 72 hours of the visa application
105. All visa application shall be responded to within 72 hours of application
106. Every Embassy/Consulate of the Federation of Nigeria shall be among the best 10 within the country
107. The services and environment of the Embassy/Consulate shall be the best within the country
108. The Embassy/Consulate shall get a comprehensive list and contacts of all Citizens of Nigeria at any one time
109. The Embassy/Consulate shall relate with Citizens of Nigeria within a country on a weekly basis unless the Citizen says otherwise in a written correspondence
110. The Embassy/Consulate of the Federation of Nigeria shall protect every Nigerian within their country of operations with all their might, their lives, their time and resources
111. The Embassy/Consulate of the Federation of Nigeria in any country of operations shall ensure that all nationals of Nigeria know and are absolutely protected from harm, from the Law and from self-harm
112. The Embassy/Consulate shall ensure that the host country and others, shall be made known, that all Citizens of the Federation of Nigeria, are absolutely protected and catered for by the Federation

113. The Embassy/Consulate in any country of operations, shall ensure that all nationals of Nigeria within the country, are proud and bold to work, walk and wake up as Citizens of the Federation of Nigeria

114. Any personnel of the Embassy/Consulate, whose quarterly review report does not align to the policies of the Foreign Ministry, shall be recalled and prosecuted according to the Laws of the Federation of Nigeria

115. Any breach of any aspect, parts, sections or portions of Chapter 7, Section 3 and the articles therein, shall be liable to 5 years jail term.

SECTION 4

APPOINTMENT OF AMBASSADORS

116. The Head of Mission shall be the ambassador or the Consular General

117. The appointment of ambassadors shall be in conformance with the Guidelines of the National Board for Appointments/Employments/Promotions

118. Criteria for Ambassadorial appointments

119. Must have a minimum of a Masters' Degree

120. Must be literate in English and at least one other foreign language

121. Must be certified as a Public Administrator

122. Must be certified in International Relations

123. The President of the Federation, who is the chairman of the Senatorial Advisory Council shall be responsible for the endorsement of the Letter of Credence for Ambassadors.

CHAPTER 8

CITIZENSHIP & RESIDENCY

SECTION 1

CITIZENSHIP

124. An individual shall be considered a citizen of Nigeria if:
125. He or she was born in Nigeria
126. He or she has a Nigerian parent of either gender
127. He or she naturalized
128. He or she has pledged allegiance to Nigeria.
129. Dual Citizenship shall not be recognized under the Laws of the Federation of Nigeria
130. The citizen must completely renounce allegiance to any other sovereign to be a full citizen of the federation
131. Naturalization of aliens shall be considered for aliens that have resided continuously in the Federation for a minimum of 10 years and proof of productivity
132. Renunciation of citizenship shall be a basic right of the citizen
133. A citizen under investigations, prosecution, or serving a jail term shall not renounce citizenship until such a time he or she has been fully cleared by the courts.

SECTION 2

RESIDENCY FOR FOREIGN NATIONALS

134. Aliens with a minimum of 2-year visa shall be considered for residency if they so desire
135. Aliens that wish to reside in the federation longer than their short stay visas shall apply for residency at least 6 months before the expiration of their visas
136. Residency shall be based on individual merits
137. The Ministry of the Interior shall be responsible for residency applications
138. Approval for residency shall be the responsibility of the Minister of Interior or a designee

139. A resident alien shall have the freedom to reside in any part of the federation

140. A resident alien shall be bound by the Laws of the Federation, the Laws of the Region of Residence or Visit, and the Municipal Laws.

SECTION 3

RESIDENCY FOR CITIZENS OF THE FEDERATION

141. A citizen shall be termed a resident of any location, village, town, city or region if there is a valid address

142. A citizen shall be a resident of any location, village, town, city or region if there is a proof of paid personal income taxes and other taxes, paid to the governments of the place of resident

143. A citizen shall be considered a resident of a location, village, town, city or region if there is a proof of investment within the area of interest

144. A citizen shall be considered a resident of a location, village, town, city or region if there is the proof of landed properties in any form

145. A citizen shall be considered a resident of a location, village, town, city or region if there is the proof of employment, or employer of labor within the area of interest.

SECTION 4

THE RIGHT OF RESIDENCY

146. All residents shall be registered on the database of the location, village, town, city or region of residence

147. All forms of the Government of the Federation shall recognize citizens based on the REGION OF RESIDENCE, and addressed accordingly

148. All residents are subject to the local laws of their places of residence.

SECTION 5

TITLES & PREFIXES

The working titles on all official documents, forms, memos, and all other instruments of the Government of the Federation of Nigeria shall be

1. Mister

2. Master
3. Miss
4. Missus
5. No other title shall be permitted on official documents or interactions within the Government of the Federation.

SECTION 6

THE CITIZEN

1. The Citizen shall have the inalienable Right to Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness
2. The Citizen shall have absolute Right to Movement in all parts of the Federation
3. The Citizen shall have the Right to Freedom of Speech in all ramifications
4. The Citizen shall have the Right to sue the Government or any aspect of the Government, Police, Military in a court of law within the jurisdiction where the infringement was deemed to have occurred
5. It shall be a federal offense to impinge on the right of any individual
6. The Citizen shall have the Right to sue an individual, government, agents, agencies, corporate and institutions, retailers, wholesalers, or any entity if an unsatisfactory service or goods might have been adjudged to have been rendered or sold
7. The personnel, agents, officials, military, federal police or any representative of the Government of the Federation, within the jurisdiction of a region or municipality shall strictly conform with the Laws of the Region or Municipality, and if otherwise, shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Law within the Region or Municipality, and all judgements shall be actionable within the jurisdiction
8. All Citizens shall have a minimum of the Senior School Leaving Certificate as a mandatory least minimum
9. All Citizens shall be trained on the Constitution of the Federation, Constitution of the Regions and National Guidelines as aspects of the curriculum from the Basic Education, to the Graduate School as a mandatory working knowledge for any certificate to be issued
10. The History of Nigeria shall be mandatory for all citizens as major aspects of the curriculum from the basic school, to the university for any certificate to be issued.

CHAPTER NINE

MILITARY ADMINISTRATION

1. The Government of the Federation shall maintain a national military
2. The National Military shall be called the Nigerian Defense Forces
3. The Nigerian Defense Forces shall be made up of the Army, the Airforce, the Navy and the Military Equipment Corps
4. The Military shall be made up of personnel from all regions in equal numbers
5. Each region shall maintain a Military Degree Awarding Academy of reputable standards
6. Graduates from the Military Degree Awarding Academies in Article 5 shall be listed for absorption into the Nigerian Defense Forces as members of the officers' corps
7. Each region must provide a list of well-trained potential cadets to the Military Board for absorption into the Nigerian Defense Forces
8. The Nigerian Defense Forces shall only absorb personnel on the regional lists sent and none other
9. In the event of a death or dismissal of a military personnel, the National Board of Appointments/Employment/Promotions shall request the regional government concerned to immediately fill the slot within three (3) months of such event
10. The Military shall be answerable to the parliament through the prime minister
11. The military shall not carry out any duty of the police at any level
12. Military personnel shall not mount any restrictions, checkpoints, or be deployed within the federation on any operation whatsoever
13. Military fatigues must never be worn in civilian places unless otherwise expressly permitted by civilian authorities
14. The Nigerian Military shall not be involved in any mission within the Federation of Nigeria
15. The declaration of a State of Emergency shall only be carried out by Parliament upon advisory from the Senatorial College
16. The Declaration of War shall be carried out as in Chapter 2, Section 4, Number 15

17. Outside the military barracks, the military shall be absolutely subject to the authority of the civilian authorities

18. Any member of the military that breaches the law, that breaches the provisions the law such as in any of the articles of Chapter 10, shall be court martialed, dismissed and shall be prosecuted in civilian courts and jailed 5 years without the option of fine.

CHAPTER TEN

SCHEDULE OF TAXES

SECTION 1

FEDERATION TAXES

1. Tax Schedule by the Government of the Federation shall be limited to:
2. Value Added Tax on all goods sold within the Federation at 5%
3. Tax on Imported goods otherwise referred as Import duties
4. Tax on Exported goods otherwise referred as Export Duties
5. Corporate Tax of companies registered with Corporate Affairs Commission with operations in more than one region
6. Capital Gains Tax through the Securities & Exchange Commission
7. Petroleum Profit Tax on the Mineral Concession of acreages beyond the 50-kilometer mark of the littoral regions
8. Royalty Tax on the Mineral Concession of acreages beyond the 50-kilometer mark of the littoral regions
9. Operational Tax on foreign airlines operating through the airports within the federation

SECTION 2

REGIONAL TAXES

1. Personal Income Tax
2. Corporate Tax of companies operating in only the region
3. Operational Tax for companies registered with the Corporate Affairs Commission
4. Airport Tax Operations/Operator Tax
5. Petroleum Profit Tax on the Mineral Concession of acreages within the 50-kilometer mark of the littoral regions
6. Royalty Tax on the Mineral Concession of acreages within the 50-kilometer mark of the littoral regions
7. Mineral Use Tax
8. Motor License & Licensing Tax

9. Broadcast Tax
10. Energy Tax

SECTION 3

MUNICIPAL TAXES

1. General Sales Tax on all goods and services
2. Property Tax on all buildings of all categories, on plots of land and other fixed assets
3. Resident Tax on all residents of the municipality
4. Toll Tax on all vehicles
5. Hotel Tax
6. Solid Mineral Tax
7. Utility Company Tax.

SECTION 4

TAX ADMINISTRATION AGENCIES

1. The Government of the Federation shall have her unique tax administration agency which is distinct from those of the region and the municipality
2. Tax Administration of the Federation shall be the responsibility of the Ministry of Finance
3. The Schedule of Taxes of each level of government shall not coincide
4. The Government of the Federation shall not seek, attempt, resort or impugn upon the rights of the regions and municipalities to administer their schedules taxes
5. Tax schedule of the regions and the municipalities shall be the responsibility of the regions and municipalities
6. The regions shall remit 25% of their tax revenues to the Government of the Federation
7. The Personal Income Tax, though administered by the regions, shall be mandatory for all working persons, to file the receipts by the last working day of April, of the subsequent year
8. Tax Evasion of the Personal Income Tax shall be a federal crime and liable to 5 years imprisonment

9. The Auditor General shall carry out a yearly audit on tax administration and submit report to the Parliament
10. The agreement between the Regional Government and its Provinces and municipalities, shall not be interfered with in any way, for any reason, by the Government of the Federation.

CHAPTER ELEVEN

CIVIL LIBERTIES

SECTION 1

FREEDOM OF SPEECH & INFORMATION

1. There shall be the Freedom of Speech by all citizens within the Federation of Nigeria whereof all citizens shall have the right to express themselves via spoken word, in electronic form, in writing or in any way and shall not be harassed, restricted, restrained or arrested in any way for any expression thus made
2. All citizens shall have the right to demand for any form of information with a written correspondence of verifiable address and Tax Identification or Social Security Number, from any department, ministry, agency or any office whereof, of the Government of the Federation of Nigeria, whereas the concerned office shall respond within 10 working days of receiving the demand for information. A breach of this provision shall attract a 2-year jail term
3. Personnel, appointed/elected/employed or selected officials, of any agency, department, ministry or any office of the Government of the Federation of Nigeria, shall pass only information known to be true in all ramifications to the public
4. Any breach of the provision of Chapter 4, Article 3 shall attract a minimum of 5-years imprisonment with no option of fine or parole.

SECTION 2

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS

1. The Press shall be the 4th Estate of the Realm whereas the Cabinet shall be the 1st Estate, the Parliament shall be the 2nd Estate, and the Judiciary shall be the 3rd Estate
2. The Press shall include the Traditional Newspapers, Online Newspapers, Electronic Media in all forms and ramifications
3. The Federating Region shall be responsible for the registration and licensing of any media outfit that chooses to operate within the confines of the Federating Region whereas any Media

Outfit that chooses to operate in two or more federating regions shall be licensed by the Government of the Federation

4. The 4th Estate of the Realm, shall not be harassed, restricted, curtailed, obstructed or prevented in any way or form, from presenting any information with the aim of informing the public in whichever way they would, in whatever form. Any breach of this provision, by any official, agent, officer, or whomever, shall be liable to 5 years imprisonment
5. The operators of the 4th Estate, shall provide information deemed to be true and fair as a constitutional mandate
6. Any officer, operator, member or media outfit that gives information to the public, which it knows not to be true, or deliberately distorts information, with the aim of misinforming the public, shall be liable to 5 years imprisonment as an individual, and the media outfit subjected to a hefty fine which shall be paid within 30 ordinary days, from the date of delivery of the judgement of such cases
7. The 4th Estate of the Realm, shall be guided by the Provisions of the National Guidelines on Media which shall not contravene the Provisions of this Constitution.

SECTION 3

FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION

1. Any citizen of the Federation of Nigeria shall be free in all ways and forms, to form, join, associate, or relate with any association, in all forms and manners, as might be adjudged satisfactory to the citizen
2. Associations might be religious, intellectual, political, commercial or other forms, that might serve the purposes as adjudged satisfactory by the citizen and shall not be prevented in any way or manner, under any law, from forming, relating, participating or associating with the association of interest
3. Any association formed whereof, that shall have relations with the government at any level, or with the capacity to have impact on the public, shall register the said association with the

Government of the Federating Region, or with the Government of the Federation, if the association operates in two or more Federating Regions

4. Political Parties or Groups shall be deemed as associations, and shall register within the Federating Region of interest or with the Government of the Federation if they operate beyond one region
5. Such associations as political parties, shall have the freedom to determine their aims and objectives, determine their membership spread or philosophy and the freedom to situate their headquarters, in any part of the federation.

SECTION 4

FREEDOM OF WORSHIP

1. Whereas the Government of the Federation shall not recognize any religion whatsoever in any way, in any form, there shall be the freedom of worship of any Supreme Being determined by any citizen of the Federation of Nigeria, as his or her object of reverence
2. Whereas there shall be no religious space, edifice, or monument within the premises, offices or facilities which belong to the Government of the Federation
3. Adherents of all religions in any form, and any way shall be equal in all ramifications within the boundaries of the Federation of Nigeria whereas no one shall be prevented from practicing the religion of choice, given that the religion and place of worship, shall not be molested in any way, in any form, by any government so long the place of worship does not lay within the premises, facilities or offices of government
4. The licensing of temples, monuments or other edifices which signify a place of worship by the adherents of the religion, shall be given by the Municipality, and shall not be turned down under any discriminatory guise whatsoever
5. No temple, monument, edifice which signifies the place of religion of any adherent, shall be discriminated against in any form, attacked, destroyed or vandalized by anyone in any way
6. A breach of any provision of Chapter 12, Section 4, any citizen, official or entity, to 5 years imprisonment and shall be a federal offense.

SECTION 5

FREEDOM TO VOTE & BE VOTED FOR

1. Whereas there shall be National Guidelines for Elections, the constituencies shall organize elections among themselves in every ramification, and the results of such elections submitted to the National Electoral Advisory Council
2. The minimum age to participate in elections, to vote, and be voted for, shall be 18 years mark
3. Each constituency across the Federation of Nigeria, shall have a Constituency Electoral Council in conformance with the National Guidelines on Elections, with the Regional and Municipal Governments, Political Parties, Traditional Rulers and Citizens as active participants and members of each Constituency Electoral Council.

SECTION 6

FREEDOM OF MARRIAGE

1. Every citizen of a particular gender shall have the absolute freedom to go into a legal partnership with another one of the opposite gender, whereas the marriage or legal union, shall be according to the legal provisions as set by the Federating Region
2. Marital Unions shall not be discriminated upon in any way or form, whether by religion, race, creed or otherwise
3. The minimum age for a legal union shall be 18 years
4. Any breach of this section, or any aspect of this section, shall be liable to 5 years imprisonment.

CHAPTER TWELVE

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE REGIONAL GOVERNMENT AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERATION

1. The 10 Federating Regions shall make up the Federation of Nigeria
2. The Federating Regions of the Federation shall be equal to themselves and equal to the Federation in relationship
3. The 10 Federating Regions shall fund the Federation
4. The Federation shall derive HER powers from the goodwill and willingness of the Federating Regions
5. The Federation of Nigeria shall be an agency of the Federating Regions
6. The Government of the Federation shall not interfere in the affairs of the federating regions in any way except in the cases of the 25% Regional Tax remission, and where officials of the regional government breach a federal law
7. Interactions with the regional government which bother on a breach of the federal law shall be midwifed by the federal courts, federal appeal court in the region and the Supreme Court whereof the issue of determination shall be considered and judgement delivered within 30 ordinary days in any of the aforementioned courts
8. The Federal Police shall be the only security body in charge of internal security at the federation level; the Government of the Federation shall not establish, employ nor engage any other security outfit whatsoever
9. Property Rights shall be held as a supreme law throughout the federation; no law shall be made to deny, seize, destroy, coerce or obtain property from any individual, corporate, community or otherwise, in any form, in any way unless otherwise decided by the Supreme Court in extenuating circumstances of the property having been obtained though proceeds of criminality
10. The Government of the Federation shall not infringe on the freedom of movement of any individual in any way, by any means, unless otherwise decided by the Federal Court within the region whereof the restriction of movement shall not exceed 7 ordinary days

11. The Military shall not carry out any operation within the boundaries of the Federation, unless otherwise proclaimed by Parliament via a 4/7th majority, and ratified by the concerned region or regions and ratified by the Senatorial Advisory Council
12. All personnel, agents and officers of the Government of the Federation, shall have vicarious responsibility to themselves, to the offices they occupy in trust of the People of the Federation of Nigeria, and to Nigeria, whereas any officer that breaches any provision of this constitution, whether instructed or otherwise, shall be held liable as an individual, and shall be liable to 5 years in jail for the breach as an individual, and 10 years in jail for felony
13. No Citizen of the Federation of Nigeria, whether an elected or appointed or employed officer of the Government, employed in any organization or unemployed or disabled or fit or be anyone in any way, shall obstruct justice or the delivery of justice or suggestion of the delivery of justice or criminal negligence to the delivery of justice or any act adjudicated by the courts to possess adequate capacity to obstruct justice. The obstruction of justice at the Federation level, shall attract a minimum of 5 years imprisonment or more as the courts may deem adequate in consonance with the enormity of the effect of the justice deemed obstructed
14. The Federal Police, supervised by the Cabinet, shall be loyal to the Constitution of the Federation of Nigeria only, and shall carry out her responsibility to the Federation in every way, without the fear of any individual within the federation of Nigeria, whereas their activities shall be monitored by all defenders of the Federation, and liable to prosecution if found to have abused or abdicated responsibilities
15. Every Federating Region shall domesticate the Criminal Code and shall have complete jurisprudence over it but shall become a federal felony should the individual of interest cross from one region to the other in the course of the pursuit of justice or in the course of the appeal of the judgement of a municipal or a regional court.

SUPPLEMENTARIES

PART 1

NATIONAL GUIDELINES

These shall be a group of agreed guidelines between the Governments of the Federation and the Federating Regions with the sole aim of attaining some sorts of national uniformity and minimum standards, in the administration of the different levels of government while conforming with the spirit of the equality of regions and the government of the federation, as stipulated by the Constitution.

1. National Guidelines of Road Transport Administration
2. National Guidelines on Air Transport Administration
3. National Guidelines on Rail Transport Administration
4. National Guidelines on Seaports & Maritime Administration
5. National Guidelines on Stock Exchanges and Financial Houses
6. National Guidelines on Electronic Media
7. National Guidelines on Education
8. National Guidelines on Justice Administration
9. National Guidelines on Prisons Administration
10. National Guidelines on Police Administration
11. National Guidelines on Appointments/Employments/Promotions
12. National Guidelines on the Civil Service of the Federation
13. National Guidelines on Corporate Business Administration
14. National Guidelines on Banking Administration
15. National Guidelines on Environment
16. National Guidelines on Elections Administration
17. National Guidelines on Solid Minerals Administration
18. National Guidelines on Petroleum Administration
19. National Guidelines on Audit Administration
20. National Guidelines on Tax Administration
21. National Guidelines of Education.

PART 2

REGULATORY AGENCIES

The aim of the regulatory agencies shall be to ensure adherence to the national guidelines agreed by all the federating regions. The regulatory agencies shall not hamper, distort, obstruct or harass organizations in any way or any form whatsoever. The regulatory agencies shall seek to promote the organizations within their sphere of influence through partnerships to aid the adherence to standards. The agencies shall ensure the survival of business interests within their purview, and the expansion of such businesses. Levies of all forms are prohibited.

1. Security & Exchange Commission
2. Environmental Protection Agencies
3. Department of Petroleum Resources
4. National Electricity Regulatory Agency
5. National Nuclear Regulatory Agency
6. Transport Regulatory Agency
7. National Planning Agency
8. National Health Administration Agency
9. Food & Drugs Regulatory Agency
10. National Export Regulatory Agency
11. National Education Standardization Agency.

PART 3

CRIMINAL CODE

1. The Laws of the Federation of Nigeria shall be so made such that there is a distinction between the Laws of the Federation, the Laws of the Region and the Laws of the Municipalities. All Laws shall be encoded in the Criminal Code whereas these Laws shall be domesticated according to the purviews and schedules of the different levels of government.
2. The government of the Federation shall have jurisprudence over the laws that are in her exclusive list as stated in this constitution whereas the federating regions shall jurisprudence on all other laws outside the exclusive authority of the Government of the Federation
3. Regional Crimes shall only come under the jurisprudence of the Government of the Federation if and only:

4. The breach of the law is by persons across two or more federating regions and within the same or related organization
5. The breach of the law is carried out by an individual who goes across the boundary into another federating region
6. The breach of the law is in dispute whereas it progresses to the Court of Appeal within the region or to the Supreme Court
7. A breach of the law by the government of the bothering on human rights violations, civil liberties, 25% Regional Remissions, and any other law as stated in the constitution.
8. Treasonable Felony shall be an exclusive preserve of the Government of the Federation. Treasonable breaches shall be limited to the following and encoded in the criminal code:
9. Any citizen of the Federation of Nigeria that knowingly supplies military information to a foreign sovereign, foreign national or their agencies
10. Any citizen of the Federation of Nigeria that knowingly works with a foreign sovereign, national or their agents or agencies, with the capacity to do harm to the Federation of Nigeria.

ATTESTATION

This document, we hold true as a solemn agreement and a basis of existence for the Federating Regions of the Federation of Nigeria.

This document we hold true, to serve as guiding and operational rules of engagement among the federating regions, to serve as equal players in the federation, and create a common agency in the center as our basis of unity, equality, justice and fairness.

This document we hold true, not to oppress one another but to steadfastly build our people.

This document we hold true, to respect in all ramifications, and to improve as desired, for the common good of the People of the Federation of Nigeria.

This document we hold true, that any breach of any portion of same, by the Government of the Federation or Federating Regions, shall impugn on the existence of the Federation of Nigeria, as constituted in this constitution, and attract the constitutional measures to mitigate same.

Signatures:

Name Designation Region:

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2.

3.

4.

5.

Name Designation Region

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Name Designation Region:

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